CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT P.G. Section in Transportation Engineering & Planning

Curriculum

(First Revision) For

M.TECH TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING & PLANNING (APPROVED at 27th Meeting of Senate, 28,July, 2012)



SARDAR VALLABHBHAI NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY SURAT-395 007

CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT S. V. National Institute of Technology, Surat – 395 007 M.Tech Transportation Engineering & Planning (APPROVED at 27th Meeting of Senate, 28,July, 2012)

SEMESTER I	[
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						Marks		
						Practical	Practical / Tutorial	
Sr. No.	Subjects			T P Theory Continuo Assessme Assessme		Continuous Assessment	End Semester Assessment	Credit
CE 691	Research Analytical Methods	3	1	-	100	10	15	4
CE 693	Transport Economics	3	1	-	100	10	15	4
CE 695	Highway Materials & Construction	3	-	2	100	20	30	4
CE 697	Urban Transport System Planning	3	-	2	100	20	30	4
	Elective – I*	3*	-	-	100	-		3
Total		15	2	4	500	60	90	19
Semester	Semester Total 21 hrs. 650			19				

*Can be 2-0-2 / 2-1-0

SEMESTER II

						Marks				
				Practical / Tutorial						
Sr. No.	Subjects					Р	Theory	Continuous Assessment	End Semester Assessment	Credit
CE 692	Operation & Maintenance Management of Pavements	3	0	2	100	20	30	4		
CE 694	Pavement Analysis & Design	3	1	-	100	10	15	4		
CE 696	Traffic Engineering & Road Safety	3	-	2	100	20	30	4		
CE 698	Regional Transport System Planning	3	-	2	100	20	30	4		
	Elective – II*	3	-	-	100	-	-	3		
Total		15	1	6	500	70	105	19		
Semester Total		22 hrs.				19				

*Can be 2-0-2 / 2-1-0

L – Lecture, T – Tutorial/Seminar, P – Practical/Studio work

SEMESTER III

						Marks		
Sn No	Subjects	т	т	р		Practical / Tutorial		Credit
Sr. 10.	Subjects	L	1	r	Theory	7 Continuous Assessment End Semester Assessment		Crean
CE 861	Transportation Project	-	-	4	-	40	60	2
CE 863	Summer Training Report	-	-	-	-	40	60	2
CE 865	Dissertation Preliminaries	-	-	8	- 80		120	4
Total		-	-	12	-	160	240	08
Semester Total 12			12 hrs			08		

SEMESTER – IV

Sr. No. Subjects								
	Subjects	T.	т	Р		Practical / Tutorial		Credit
51.110	Subjects		•	•	Theory	Continuous Assessment	End Semester Assessment	
CE 862	Seminar	-	-	2	-	20	30	1
CE 864	Dissertation	-	-	20	-	160	240	10
Total		-	-	22	- 180 270		270	11
Semester Total		22 hrs		450			11	
Programme		10 Theory Courses			Total Cre	57		

LIST OF ELECTIVES

						Marks		Τ
Sr No	Subjects	L	т	Р		Practical	Practical / Tutorial	
51.110	Judjeets	L			Theory	Continuous Assessment	End Semester Assessment	
		E	lectiv	ve - I (Group	-		
CE 701	Soft Computing Techniques	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
MG 601	Communication skills	2	1	-	100	10	15	3
MM 611	Decision Models in Management	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 645	Geospatial Techniques	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
AM651	Ground Improvement & Reinforced Earth Techniques	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE703	Environmental Impact Assessment	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE705	Transportation System Analysis	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE707	Airport Planning and Design	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
EC/CE 709	Intelligent Transport System	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 711	Water Transport System	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
Elective	- II Group			-				
AM 702	Finite Element Method	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
MM 622	Human Resources Management	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
EE 652	Control Theory	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 632	Urban Planning Techniques & Practice	2	-	2	100	20	30	3
CE 648	Planning Legislation	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 636	Sustainable Environmental Planning	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 702	Public Transport Planning	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 704	Traffic Flow Theories	3	-	-	100	-	-	3
CE 706	Project Appraisal & Finance Management	2	-	2	100	20	30	3
CE 708	Transport Infrastructure Design	3	-	_	100	-	-	3

NOTE:

- Each Elective Group contains subjects of other departments, other P.G. area of the department and transportation area in order to make the system more flexible and to offer options to P.G. students of their interest area.
- One external examiner & concerned internal examiners shall conduct end semester examination in case of Practical/Studio and Project. Final examination for dissertation will be conducted as per Institute norms.
- Continuous assessment evaluation of project/seminar will be carried by a panel of 3 examiners including guide / supervisor.
- Two progress evaluations each of dissertation preliminary and dissertation at 3rd and 4th semester will be conducted by the panel of 3 internal examiners, including guide / supervisor.
- There will be 6-8 weeks of mandatory summer training for all the candidates. Assessment of summer training report will be carried out in the 3rd semester by panels of 3 internal examiners.

CE 691 RESEARCH ANALYTICAL METHODS

• SOCIAL RESEARCH FORMULATION (08 Hours) Design of research - Scaling techniques - Sampling design - Design of questionnaire -Data collection and statistical processing • STATISTICS & PROBABILITY BASE (08 Hours) Various probability distributions & their applications - Parameter estimation - Hypothesis testing - Random variables - Method of maximum likelihood - Hypothesis testing to compare multiple population - Statistical quality control • **REGRESSION ANALYSIS** (06 Hours) Estimation and analysis of simple regression models - Correlation coefficients - Analysis of correlation coefficients

SEMESTER - I

- HYPOTHESIS TESTING (04 Hours) Concepts - Hypothesis tests associated with regression and correlation coefficients
- MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS (06 Hours) Multiple regression models - Multivariate analysis - ANOVA - Rank coefficient -Application of statistical software
- **OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES** (10 Hours) Linear programming - Simplex method - Transportation model - Concepts of non -Linear programming - Decision theories - Rules - Decision under uncertainty

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Benjamin J. R., Cornell C. A., Probability Statistics and Decision for Civil Engineers, McGraw-Hill, 1970.
- 2. Kothari, C.R., Research Methodology: Method and Techniques, New Age International Publication, 2004.
- 3. Hines W. W., Montgomery D. C., Probability and Statistics in Engineering and Management Science, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1990.
- 4. Sharma J.K., Operation Research: Theory & Applications, MacMillan India Ltd., 2000.
- 5. Bhandarkar P.L., Wilkinson T.S., Methodology & Techniques of Social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, 1991.

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I **CE 693 TRANSPORT ECONOMICS**

PRINCIPLES OF ENGINEERING ECONOMICS

Supply and demand models - Consumer's surplus and social surplus criteria - Framework for social accounting: Price - Demand - Supply loss - Elasticity applications - Growth demand nodal

TRANSPORT COSTS AND BENEFITS

Fixed and variable cost - Cost of improvement - Maintenance cost - Cost estimating methods - Pavement cost analysis - Direct benefits - Reduced vehicle operation costs -Value of travel time savings - Value of increased comfort and convenience - Cost of accident reduction - Reduction in maintenance cost

ECONOMIC EVALUATION TECHNIQUES

Generation and screening of project alternatives - Different methods of economic analysis: - Discounting and Non discounting criteria methods - NPV - IRR, Benefit/Cost analysis - Analysis of public projects - replacement analysis - Application economic theory in traffic assignment problem - Break even analysis

DEPRECIATION AND INFLATION

Modified accelerated cost recovery system - Basic methods of computing depreciation charges - Evaluation of depreciation methods - Tax concepts - Corporate income taxes -Effects of inflation - Measuring inflation - Impact of inflation on economic evaluations.

RISK ANALYSIS

Probability concepts for economic analysis - Application of probability and simulation concepts in economic analysis - Decisions under uncertainty - Sensitivity analysis - Role of financial institutions

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Winfrey R., Highway Economic Analysis, International Textbook Company.
- 2. David A. Hensher, Ann M. Brewer., Transport: An Economics and Management Perspective, Oxford University Press
- 3. Emile Quinet, Roger Vickerman., Principles of Transport Economics, Edward Elgar Pub
- 4. Ian G. Heggie., *Transportation Engineering Economics*, McGraw Hill.
- 5. James L.Riggs, David D.Bedworth, and Sabah U. Randhawa., Engineering Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi, 2009.
- 6. Sasmita Mishra., Engineering Economics and Costing, PHI, New Delhi.
- 7. IRC: SP: 30-1993., Manual on Economic Evaluation of Highway Projects in India.
- 8. Sarkar P K., Maitri V., Economics in Highway and Transportation Planning, Standard Publisher, New Delhi, 2010.

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I

CE 695 HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

• SOIL

Role of soil testing in pavement engineering - Subgrade requirements in road constructions - Basic concept of stress path and its representation in various spaces -Analysis of soil behavior - Evaluation of various elastic constants for practical use - Soil stabilization - Climatic Effects.

• AGGREGATE

Road making aggregates classification - Mechanical Properties of aggregates - Design of aggregate gradation

• **BITUMEN**

Bituminous road binders - Penetration and Viscosity Grade - Emulsion- properties types - Cut backs and modified binders - Rheology of bitumen and Modified binders -Visco-elastic and fatigue properties of bituminous mixtures - Resilient modulus of pavement materials

BITUMINOUS MIX

Classification of mix design methods - Fillers - Theory of fillers and specifications -Marshall mix design procedure - Seal Design - Superpave and Micro surfacing procedures

• FUTURISTIC PAVEMENT MATERIALS

Flyash (C&F) - Waste materials (Slags) - Geosynthetics - Chemicals etc.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Non-Bituminous and Bituminous road construction procedures and specifications -Quality control requirements - Concrete road construction - Construction methods -Quality control requirements - Joints in cement concrete pavements - Reinforced cement concrete road construction

(Total contact hours: 42)

PRACTICALS

- 1. Identification tests on soils (atterburg limits)
- 2. Triaxial test of subgrade soil
- 3. Unconfined Compressive Strength of subgrade soil
- 4. Test for aggregate Durability and Soundness
- 5. GSB mix design
- 6. Bitumen viscosity test (rotational viscometer); retained stability test (Rolling Thin Film Oven Tester), Penetration, Ductility & Softening point test.
- 7. Marshall bituminous mix design, DBM and SDBC
- 8. Concrete mix design

(04 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(10 Hours)

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert D Krebs Richard; *Highway Materials* McGraw-Hill Education.1971
- 2. Atkins Harold N., Highway Materials, Soils, and Concrete, Prentice Hall, 1996
- 3. Khanna S.K., Justo C.E.G., *Highway Engineering*, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee, 2001
- 4. Kadiyali L.R., *Principles & Practice of Highway Engineering*, Khanna Publishers,2001
- 5. Relevant IRC and IS Codes.
- 6. IRC: 37-2001, *Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements*,2001, IRC: 58 -2011 IRC: SP: 62-2004

CE 697 URBAN TRANSPORT SYSTEM PLANNING

• UR	BANISATION PROCESS	(04 Hours)
Urb	an growth mechanism – Urban morphology - Urbanisation & travel dema	nd - Urban
dev	lopment planning policy – NUTP - Urban transport projects - Urban transpo	ort problems
in I	dia	-
• UR	BAN TRANSPORT PLANNING PROCESS	(04 Hours)
Urb	an travel patterns - Study area delineation- Zoning - Planning surveys - Ur	ban activity
syst	em- Sustainable urban transport - Systems approach.	
• TR	VEL DEMAND ESTIMATE	(04 Hours)
Tri and	based and activity based approach - Four stage travel demand modeling - outputs - Quick response techniques - Survey designs.	Data needs
• TR	P GENERATION	(04 Hours)
Pro	uctions & Attractions - Influential factors -Trip rate analysis-Category analy	sis- Simple
& N	ultiple linear regression models – FHWA method	
• TR	P DISTRIBUTION	(06 Hours)
Inte	change matrix - Growth factor methods - Synthetic methods - Calibration	of Gravity
moo	el	
• MC	DAL SPLIT	(06 Hours)
Infl mod	ential factors – FHWA Procedure – Diversion curves & surfaces- Discels, Concept, Types, BL,MNL & HL models	rete choice
• TR	PASSIGNMENT	(06 Hours)
Trip	Assignment procedure - Diversion curves- BPR model - All or Nothing a	ssignment -
Mu	tipath assignment - Capacity restraint assignment – User equilibrium	and system
equ	librium approach - Stochastic assignment approach	
• LA	ND USE TRANSPORT SYSTEM	(04 Hours)
Urb	in system components - Urban spatial structure – Accessibility - Location th	eory - Land
use	nodels - Land use transport models, Lowry & Garin – Lowry models.	
• UR	BAN PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION	(04 Hours)
Urb	an growth and public transport needs - Transit mode classifications	- Transit
cha	acteristics - Fleet size and capacity estimation	L
	(Total contact	nours: 42)

PRACTICALS

- 1. Study area delineation & travel survey design
- 2. Home interview survey and data analysis
- 3. Use of TransCAD / CUBE in urban transport planning
- 4. Calibration of trip generation models
- 5. Calibration of singly / doubly constrained gravity models
- 6. Calibration of utility based mode choice models
- 7. Trip assignment by AoN / CRMethod / Multipath/ Equilibrium methods
- 8. Garin Lowry model application: Case study

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Bowmen, J. and M. ben-Akiva, *Activity based travel Forecasting; in Activity based travel forecasting*. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Transportation, Report DOT-97-17.
- 2. Bruton M.J., Introduction to Transportation Planning, Hutchinson of London, 1988
- 3. Chakroborty P., Das N., Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Dickey J.W., Metropolitan Transportation Planning, Tata Mc-Graw Hill 1980
- 5. Hutchinson B.G., Principles of Urban Transportation System Planning, Mc-Graw Hill, 1974.
- 6. Khisty C J., Lall B.Kent, *Transportation Engineering An Introduction, Prentice-Hall, NJ*, 2005
- 7. Ortuzar, J. D., Willumsen, L.G., Modeling Transport, John Wiley & Sons, 1994
- 8. Papacostas C.S. and Prevedouros, P.D., *Transportation Engineering & Planning*, PHI, New Delhi,2002

SEMESTER - II

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II

CE 692 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT OF PAVEMENTS

• INTRODUCTION

Operation and maintenance (O&M) of the Project Highway - Model Concession Agreement (MCA) for various types of PPP projects -Management and Organization -Project Cycle -Levels of Management - Administration and Logistics - Site Management - Road Maintenance – Approach – Organization - Management Activities

OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

Road Inventory - Assessment of Maintenance Requirements – Drainage - Running Surface – Structures - Setting Priorities - Planning Maintenance Works - Implementation - Work Activities and Task Rates - Tools for Maintenance Works - Reporting and Monitoring

• PAVEMENT EVALUATION

General concept of pavement evaluation - Evaluation of pavement performance - Structural capacity - Distress - Safety

• PAVEMENT DISTRESS

Structural and functional – serviceability - fatigue cracking - pavement deformation and low temperature shrinkage cracking - factors affecting performance - relation between performance and distress - Methods of performance surveys - Methods of measuring defects - Pavement – Life studies

• DISTRESS MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Functional and structural evaluation - Functions parameters such as **r**oughness - Distress, rutting - Skid resistance etc. - structural parameters such as structural capacity - Benkelman beam - bump integrator - demonstration of equipments for dynamic testing of pavements (LWD) - pavement skid resistance measuring equipments - fatigue testing equipment

• DESIGN OF OVERLAYS

Types of Overlays - Design Methodologies - Flexible overlays - Rigid overlays - design of overlay by Benkelman beam and falling weight Deflectometer - Asphalt Institute Method - Portland Cement Association Method, -AASHTO Method.

(Total contact hours: 28)

- PRACTICALS 1. Pavement Distress Survey
 - 2. Pavement Performance Analysis using V-Box (Demonstration)
 - 3. Benkelman beam Deflectometer (BBD) and Falling weight Deflectometer (Demonstration)
 - 4. Bump integrator (Demonstration)
 - 5. Skid Resistance

(06 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(06 Hours)

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Hass, R., Hudson, W.R. and Zaniewski, J., Modern Pavement Management, Krieger, 1994
- 2. Hass, R. and Hudson, W.R., *Pavement Management System*, McGraw Hill Company, Inc, 1978
- 3. Yang H. Huang, Design of functional pavements, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004
- 4. Yoder, E.J. and Witczak, M.W., Principles of Pavement Design, John Wiley and sons, 1975
- 5. Khanna S.K., Justo C.E.G., Highway Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee
- 6. Kadiyali L.R., Principles & Practice of Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2003
- 7. Relevant *IRC code* & Infrastructure development form Planning commission of India Publication, MORTHs Publications

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II	L	Т	Р	С
CE 694 PAVEMENT ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	3	1	0	4

• FUNDAMENTAL MATERIAL BEHAVIOUR (06 Hours)

Elasticity – Plasticity and Viscosity of Granular or unbound materials - Cemented materials, Bituminous materials - Material characterization: - Resilient modulus of materials - Dynamic Modulus of Bituminous Mixtures - Fatigue Characteristics - Permanent Deformation Parameters

• PAVEMENT BASICS

Types & comparison of vehicular loading pattern - Effect of Tire pressure and total load -Equivalent wheel and axle loads - Climatic and environmental factors - Modulus of resilience or California Bearing Ratio (CBR) for different layers - Loading pattern on airport pavement - factors affecting design and performance of pavements - Airport pavement - Environmental impact on pavements - Sub grade requirements - Functions of sub grade - Sub-base - Base course and wearing course

• STRESSES AND STRAINS IN PAVEMENTS (06 Hours) Homogeneous Mass - Layered Systems - Viscoelastic Solutions - Material Characterization and creep-compliance curve - Stresses due to Curling/bending - Stresses and Deflections due to Loading - Stresses due to Friction

• FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN

CBR approach - IRC method - U.S. navy method - Boussinesq's and Burmister's analysis and design method - Triaxial & McLeod method - Calibrated Mechanistic Design Procedure - Asphalt Institute Method - AASHTO Method - Design of Shoulders.

• DESIGN OF RIGID PAVEMENTS

Wheel load stresses - Liquid and elastic soil subgrade - Westergaard's analysis - Bradbury's approach - Arlington test - Pickett's corner load theory and related charts - Calibrated Mechanistic Design Procedure – IRC Method - Portland Cement Association

(06 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(**09 Hours**)

Method - AASHTO Method - Continuous Reinforced Concrete Pavements - Design of Shoulders - Design of joints - Dowel bar and tie bars

• **RELIABILITY IN DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE AND** (06 Hours) **RIGID PAVEMENT** Statistical Concepts - Probabilistic Methods – Variability - Rosenblueth Method

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Yoder, E.J. and Witczak, M.W., *Principles of Pavement Design*, John Wiley and sons,1975
- 2. Yang H. Huang, Design of functional pavements, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004
- 3. Gary N. Durham, W. Allen Marr, and Willard L. De Groff, *Resilient Modulus Testing* for Pavement Components ASTM Stock Number: STPI437, USA,2003
- 4. Andrew R. Dawson, *Pavements Unbound* Taylor & Francis Group plc, London, UK, 2004
- 5. Khanna S.K., Justo C.E.G., *Highway Engineering*, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee, 2001
- 6. Kadiyali L.R., Principles & Practice of Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2003
- 7. IRC: 37-2001, Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements
- 8. IRC: 58-2011, Guidelines for the Design of Plain Jointed Rigid Pavements, 2001

CE 696 TRAFFIC ENGINEERING & ROAD SAFETY

TRAFFIC STUDIES & ANALYSIS

Scope, traffic elements - Characteristics-vehicle, road user and road - Traffic studies-speed & delay, traffic volume, O & D, parking and accidents - Sample size, study methodology -Data analysis & inferences.

• TRAFFIC FLOW ANALYSIS

Macroscopic, Microscopic & Mesoscopic approach - Types of Flow- Traffic stream characteristics - Space - Time diagram - Relationship between speed, flow & density-Level of service & capacity analysis - Shockwave theory.

INTERSECTION DESIGN

Types of intersections - Conflict diagrams –Control hierarchy- Design of rotaries & at-grade intersections - Signal design - Grade separated intersections & their warrants

• GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Cross sections - Sight distances - Super elevation - Horizontal & vertical alignments -Safety considerations

ROAD SAFETY AUDIT (06 Hours) Global & Local perspective – Road safety issues – Road safety programmes – Types of RSA, planning, design, construction & operation stage audits – Methodology – Road safety audit measures

TRAFFIC REGULATION & T.S.M.

Speed, vehicle, parking, enforcement regulations - Mixed traffic regulation - Management techniques, one-way, tidal flow, turning restrictions etc. - Transportation System Management Process - TSM planning & Strategies

(Total contact hours:42)

PRACTICALS

- 1. Traffic Volume Count at Mid Block Section
- 2. Turning Movement Count at an Intersection
- 3. Registration Number Plate Survey
- Spot Speed Survey 4.
- 5. Speed and Delay Study by Moving Observer Method
- 6. Origin and Destination Study- Road Side Questionnaire Survey
- 7. Parking Inventory & Usage Survey by Patrol
- 8. Road safety audit: Construction & Operation stage

REFERENCES

- 1. Drew, D.R., Traffic Flow Theory & Control, McGraw Hill, New York, 1968.
- 2. Kadiyali, L.R., Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Khisty C J,Lall B.Kent; Transportation Engineering-An Introduction, Prentice-Hall,NJ, 2005
- 4. May, A.D., Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice Hall, Inc., New Jersey, 1990.
- 5. O'Flaherty C A, Highways- Traffic Planning & Engineering, Edward Arnold, UK
- 6. Pignataro, L.J., Traffic Engineering Theory & Practice, John Wiley, 1985.
- 7. Salter, R J., Hounsel, N.D., *Highway Traffic Analysis and Design*, Macmillan, London, 1996.

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CE 698 REGIONAL TRANSPORT SYSTEM PLANNING

REGIONAL PLANNING	(06 Hours)
Classification of regions - Transport systems functions - Regional deline	eation - Regional
growth - Concepts of GDP and GNP - Regional economic analysis, facto	rs of production,
regional income, location quotient, multiplier effects	
• DEMOGRAPHIC AND EMPLOYMENT FORECASTING MODELS	(08 Hours)
Population forecast, Linear & Exponential models, Logistic models, Cohort	– survival
models - Employment classification, economic base mechanism, input and o	output analysis.
DIRECT DEMAND MODELS	(06 Hours)
Importance & Types – SARC model – Mc-Lynn model - Sketch planning me	ethods – UMOT
- Incremental demand models – Abstract models.	
REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION	(06 Hours)
Regional passenger and goods travel demand – Aggregate freight demand m	odeling -
Network planning and hierarchy - Multimodal transportation system - Interc	ity transport
planning, various Traffic Forecasting Models.	
RURAL ROAD NETWORK PLANNING	(06 Hours)
Principles – Methodology – Diversion analysis - Network development appr	oach.
TRANSPORT TERMINAL PLANNING	(06 Hours)
Demand assessment – Location aspects -Passenger terminals, types, facilities	s, layout -
Freight terminals, types, facilities, lay out - Logistics.	
(Total co	ntact hours: 42)

PRACTICALS:

- 1. Delineation of planning region
- 2. Regional economic & demographic study
- 3. Use of TransCAD / CUBE in regional transport planning
- 4. Diversion analysis study
- 5. Intercity passenger demand forecast
- 6. Freight traffic growth modeling
- 7. Passenger / Goods terminal planning

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chand Mahesh, Puri U.K., Regional Planning in India, Allied Publishers, New Delhi,1983.
- 2. Glassion John, Introduction to Regional Planning, Hutchinson & MIT press, Cambridge, 1996
- 3. Kanafani, Adib, K., Transportation demand Analysis, Mc Graw Hill, New York, 1983.
- 4. Morlok, K. E., Introduction to Transportation Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York.1978.
- 5. Oppenheim, N., Applied Models in Urban and Regional Analysis, Prentice-Hall, NJ., 1980.
- 6. Ortuzar, J. D., Willumsen, L.G., Modeling Transport, John Wiley & Sons, 1998.

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SEMESTER - III

M. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- III **CE 861 TRANSPORTATION PROJECT**

A mini project on Transportation/Traffic Engineering is to be carried by group of students on the basis of field surveys and observations. The mini project site can be in cities/towns or rural areas.

Final project report is to be submitted & presented for examination after one mini project brief seminar.

(Total contact hours: 42)

M. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- III	L	Т	P	С
CE 863 SUMMER TRAINING REPORT	0	0	0	2

Six/Eight week summer training on major Transportation or Traffic project, is to be carried at National/State/Local Government Project level after the Second Semester Examination and prior to opening of Third Semester and project report on the same is to be prepared & submitted duly certified by the Project Organization.

M. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- III	L	Т	Р	С
CE 865 DISSERTATION PRELIMINARIES	0	0	8	4

Dissertation preliminaries should clearly identify the goals & objectives and scope of the dissertation work taken up by the candidate. The focus is on data identification and proposed field surveys, questionnaire design, sample size decision. The study methodology and literature review on the dissertation topic is to be completed and a typed report is to be finalized in consultation with dissertation supervisor and submitted for the assessment at the end of the semester.

(Total contact hours: 42)

LTPC 0 0 4 2

SEMESTER - IV

M. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- IV

CE 862 SEMINAR

Each student is required to prepare and submit a seminar paper in consultation with Dissertation Supervisor and seminar is to be presented on scheduled date decided by the P.G. Centre.

M. TECH. II (TEP) SEMESTER- IV	L	Τ	P	С
CE 864 DISSERTATION	0	0	20	10

The preliminary dissertation work initiated in Third semester is further extended over fourth semester to cover up the field studies, data analysis, modeling, if any and research finding followed by conclusion etc.

The main objective of the dissertation work is to provide scope for original & independent research to express the ability of using analytical approach or technical investigation.

Thesis is to be prepared by each student under the guidance of faculty supervisor and finally submitted in six typed bound sets as per the specified time.

The assessment of the dissertation work will be carried out in two stages, first during the semester for 160 marks, and final viva-voce exam for 240 marks at the end of the semester.

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Elective Subjects- I

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I

CE 701 SOFT COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

• GENETIC ALGORITHMS

Goals of optimization - Comparison with traditional methods - Schemata – Terminology in GA – Strings, Structure, Parameter string - Data Structures – Operators - Coding fitness function – Algorithm - Applications

FUZZY LOGIC (12 Hours) Concepts of uncertainty and imprecision – Sets - Concepts, properties and operations on Classical sets & Fuzzy Sets - Classical & Fuzzy Relations - Membership Functions - Fuzzy Logic – Fuzzification - Fuzzy Rule based Systems – Fuzzy propositions - Applications

- ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS (12 Hours)
 Basics of ANN; Models of a Neuron Topology: Multi Layer Feed Forward Network
 (MLFFN) Radial Basis Function Network (RBFN) Recurring Neural Network (RNN) –
 Learning Processes: Supervised and unsupervised learning. Error-correction learning Hebbian learning; Single layer perceptrons Multilayer perceptrons Least mean square
 algorithm Back propagation algorithm Applications
- **HYBRID SYSTEMS** Fuzzy neural systems – Genetic Fuzzy Systems – Genetic Neural Systems.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Timothy J.Ross, Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applicatios, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Simon Haykin, Neural Netwroks, PrenticeHall
- 3. J.M. Zurada, *Introduction to artificial neural systems.*, Jaico Publishers
- 4. H.J. Zimmermann, *Fuzzy set theory and its applications.*, III Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London.
- 5. Suran Goonatilake, Sukhdev Khebbal (Eds), *Intelligent hybrid systems.*, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1995

(12 Hours)

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I MG 601 COMMUNICATION SKILLS

• ENRICHING LANGUAGE SKILLS

Functional English Grammar - Parts of Speech - Uses of Articles - Prepositions - Tenses -Active and Passive Voice - Conditional Sentences - Punctuation - Common Errors and Vocabulary

WRITTEN COMMUNICATION

Paragraphs - Kinds and Construction - Letters - Seven C's of Letter Writing and Structure -Reports- Kinds and Structure - Research Paper - Characteristics and Components - E-mail etiquette

• ORAL COMMUNICATION

Non-Verbal Communication- Body Language, Space and Personal Appearance; Job Interviews- Objectives and Preparation - Group Discussion- Speaking in a GD - Presentation – Planning - Structuring and Nuances of Delivery

(Total Contact Hour: 28)

REFERENCES:

- Bovee, Courtland L.; Thill, John V.& Chaturvedi, Mukesh. Business Communication Today. 1. 9th Edition. New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. Pearson. 2011.
- 2. Raymond V. Lesikar and Marie E. Flatley. Basic Business Communication: Skills for Empowering the Internet Generation. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 3. Farahthullah, T.M. Communication Skills for Technical Students. 5th Edition, Kolkatta: Orient Blackswan, 2009.
- 4. Quirk, Randolph & Greenbaum, Sidney. A University Grammar of English. 5th Edition, New Delhi: Pearson, 2009.
- 5. Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma Sangeeta. Technical Communication Principles and Practice. 2nd Edition, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 6. Rizvi, M. Ashrif. *Effective Technical Communication*. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.

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M. TECH.I (TEP) SEMESTER- I MM 611: DECISION MODELS IN MANAGEMENT

REFERENCES:

- 1. A. Ravindran, D.T.Philips and J.J.Solberg, Operations Research: Principles and Practice, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 1987
- 2. W. L. Winston, Operations Research: Application and Algorithms, Brooks/Cole, 4th Ed., 1998.

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(02 Hours)

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- H. A.Taha, *Operations Research: An Introduction*, MacMillan, 5th Ed., 1982.
 Neylor, T.H., *Computer Simulation Techniques*, John Wiley, 1st Ed., 1966.
- N.D.Vora, *Quantititative Techniques in management*, Tata McGrawhill, 1990.
 P C Tulsian and V. Pandey, *Quantitative Techniques: Theory & Problems*, 1ST Ed., Pearson, 2002.

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I **CE 645 GEOSPATIAL TECHNIQUES**

• INTRODUCTION TO REMOTE SENSING

Concepts and fundamentals, energy sources, energy interactions, ideal and real remote sensing systems, fundamentals of aerial photo interpretation, keys, elements of air photo interpretation for terrain evaluation, Data acquisition, various remote sensing platforms, satellites, sensors, multi spectral scanners, microwave sensing.

• DATA HANDLING IN RS

Data acquisition, various remote sensing platforms, satellites, sensors, multi spectral scanners, microwave sensing

• IMAGE PROCESSING (04 Hours) Digital image processing, equipments used for remote sensing, other aspects of interpretation, ground truth.

• GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM

Structure of GIS: Cartography, Geographic mapping process, transformations, map projections, Geographic Data Representation, Storage, Quality and Standards, database management systems, Raster data representation, Vector data representation, Assessment of data quality, Managing data errors, Geographic data standards.

• DATA HANDLING IN GIS

GIS Data Processing, Analysis and Modeling: Raster based GIS data processing – Vector based GIS data processing - Queries - Spatial analysis - Descriptive statistics - Spatial autocorrelation - Quadrant counts, and nearest neighbour analysis - Network analysis -Surface modeling – DTM. GIS Applications: Case studies.

• GLOBAL POISONING SYSTEM (06 Hours) GPS: Basic concepts, components, factors affecting, GPS setup, accessories, segmentssatellites & receivers, GPS applications, Case studies.

• APPLICATION

Applications of remote sensing GIS and GPS, Engineering applications, land use/land cover mapping, applications to urban and regional planning, Water resources, environmental studies, transportation engineering, other civil engineering fields.

(Total contact hours:42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Lo, C.P. & Yeung A.K.W., Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Anji Reddy, M., Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems, B.S. Publications, Hyderabad, 2001.
- 3. Burrough, P.A., Principles of Geographical Information Systems, Oxford Publication, 1998.
- 4. Clarke, K., Getting Started with Geographic Information Systems, Prentice Hall, New Jersy, 2001.
- 5. De Mers, M.N., Fundamentals of Geographic information Systems, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2000.
- 6. Kennedy M., The Global Positioning System & GIS: An Introduction, Ann Arbor Press, 1996.

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AM651 GROUND IMPROVEMENT & **REINFORCED EARTH TECHNIOUES**

• SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Subgarde, functions, Importance of Subgarde soil properties on pavement performance. Soil Survey- Soil survey procedure for highways and ground water investigation, Identification and significance of soil characteristics, Soil classification for highway engineering purpose, Effect of water in soils swelling/shrinkage, Cohesion and plasticity in soil.

• SOIL

Moisture movement-ground water, Gravitational water, held water, soil suction. Drainage- General principles, Subsoil drainage. Frost Action Soil: Frost susceptible soils, Air and soil temperature, Heat flow through soils, Depth of frost penetration, Loss of strength during frost melting. Strength Evaluation of subgarde soil. Compaction of soils field and Laboratory methods and equipment.

STRESS IN SOILS

Theories of elastic and plastic behavior of soils. Function: Stability of embankment, Reinforcing embankment and fibers, Methods of reducing settlement due to consolidation in foundations of road embankment. Vertical Sand Drains: Design criteria, constriction and uses.

(Total contact hours:42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Terzaghi K., Peck R.B., Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1962
- 2. Alam Singh, Text Book of Soil Mechanics, S.Chand Publication, New Delhi
- 3. Relevant ISS codes.

(14 Hours)

(14 Hours)

LTPC 3 0 0 3

(14 Hours)

CE 703 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

• INTRODUCTION

Concepts of environmental impact analysis, key features of National environmental policy act and its implementation, screening in the EIA process, utility and scope of EIA process, Environmental protection acts EIA at national level. Conceptual approach for environmental impact studies, planning and management of impact studies, matrix and network methodologies for impact identification, description of the affected environmental – environmental indices

• EIA AIR ENVIRONMENT

Prediction and Assessment of Impact on Air Environment: Basic information on air quality, sources of air pollutants, effects of air pollutants, key legislations and regulations, conceptual approach for addressing air environment impacts, impact prediction approaches, assessment of significance of impacts, identification and incorporation of mitigation measures.

EIA NOSIE AND SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

Prediction & Assessment of Impact on Noise & Social Environment: Basic information on noise, key legislation and guidelines, conceptual approach for addressing noise environment impacts, impact prediction methods, assessment of significance of impacts, identification and incorporation of mitigation measures, Conceptual approach for addressing socio-economic impacts, traffic and transportation system impacts, visual impacts, scoring methodologies for visual impact analysis.

• DECISION METHODS FOR EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVE (10 Hours) Development of decision matrix. Public participation in environmental decision making, Regulatory requirements, environmental impact assessment process, objectives of public participation, techniques for conflict management and dispute resolution, verbal communication in EIA studies.

(Total contact hours:42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Canter L.W., Environmental impact assessment, McGraw-Hill, 1997
- 2. Betty Bowers Marriott, *Environmental Impact Assessment: A Practical Guide*, McGraw-Hill Professional, 1997.
- 3. Peter Morris & Riki Therivel, *Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment*, Routledge, 2001.
- 4. Denver Tolliver, Highway Impact Assessment, Greenwood Publishing Group, 1993.
- 5. R. K. Jain, L. V. Urban, G. S. Stacey, H. E. Balbach, *Environmental Assessment*, McGraw-Hill Professional, 2001.
- 6. Relevant IRC & CPCB codes.

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I **CE 705 TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS ANALYSIS**

• TRANSPORTATION AND **SOCIETY-FACTORS** IN **TRANSPORTATION** DEVELOPMENT (06 Hours)

Functions, Problems & factors in Transportation Planning, Development of Transportation Systems in India, Growth of Transport -Trends in Traffic - Imbalances in Transport System -New Evidences on Traffic Flow- Optimum Inter Model Mix-Study on National Transport Policy.

• TRANSPORT TECHNOLOGY

(14 Hours) System Classification and their Variation; Study of Conventional Systems of slow & fast modes, Automatic Rapid Transit; Dual Modes, Demand Buses and Variation in other Slow Moving Vehicle Technologies; Unconventional Systems such as Automatic Cabin Systems, PRT Networks etc. Individual Vehicle Motion; Resistance of Air, Water and Ground Modes; Propulsion Forces, Basic Performance Relationships; Acceleration and Velocity Profiles.

• LEVELS OF SERVICE

Factors in Operation-Levels of Service and Performance Criteria - Quality of Service: Capacity and Levels of Service of different Transportation Systems; Safety and Dependability-Flexibility-Speed, Acceleration, Deceleration-Comfort and Environmental Effects of the different Transportation System on the Performance Criteria.

• OPERATIONAL CONTROLS OF AIR, WATER, RAILWAY AND HIGHWAY (08 Hours) TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

Functions of Control & Communications-Dispatching Policies - Interval Control - Signals and Traffic Control Devices - Navigational Aids of the different Transportation Systems. Air Traffic Control; Navigational Control. Automatic Signaling Systems of Railway and Highway Movements are proposed to be covered in this.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Willam, Hay, Introduction to Transportation Engineering, John Wiley, New York.
- 2. Edward K. Morlock, Introduction to Transportation Engineering & Planning, International Student Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Book Company, New York.

(14 Hours)

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I **CE 707 AIRPORT PLANNING AND DESIGN**

• AIRPORT PLANNING

Aviation Planning - Levels of Planning - Planning Airport Systems under different States -Effect of Airline Hubs and Deregulation on Indian Airport System - Air Transport Planning in the India and in Europe/USA.

AIRPORT MASTER PLANNING

Airport Master Plan: - Definition and Objectives - Hierarchy of Planning - Elements of Airport Master Plan: - FAA - ICAO Guidelines for Structure of Master Plan - Airport Layout Design - Structure of Master Plan Report - Airport Site Selection

AIRPORT CAPACITY

Capacity - Level of Service - Airside Capacity - Factors Affecting Airside Capacity and Delay - Determination of Runway Capacity and Delay - Annual Service Volume -Preliminary Capacity Analyses - Calculating Aircraft Delay - Taxiway and Gate Capacity -Airport Landside Capacity

AIRSIDE CONFIGURATION AND GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF THE AIRSIDE

(06 Hours) Principles of Airport Layout - Airfield Configuration - Runway Orientation - Obstructions to Airspace: - FAA and ICAO Standards - Runway Length - Separation of Parallel Runways - Runway and Taxiway Cross Section - Longitudinal-Grade Design for Runways and Stopways - Longitudinal-Grade Design for Taxiways -Taxiway Design - Holding Aprons -**Terminal Aprons**

FORECASTING AIR TRANSPORT DEMAND

Conventional Airport Forecast Methods - General Aviation Forecasts - Airport ground access mode choice modeling process - Use of airport ground access models in airport planning - Integration of airport ground access models in regional planning process

PASSENGER AND CARGO TERMINAL

Function of Airport Passenger and Cargo Terminal - Facilities Required at Passenger Terminal - Passenger and Baggage Flow - Elements to Be Considered in Design of Air Freight Terminals - Example of Design of Middle - Technology Freight Terminal

• AIRPORT DRAINAGE AND PAVEMENT DESIGN

(06 Hours) Estimation of Runoff - Collection and Disposal of Runoff - Subsurface Drainage - Wind Rose Analysis - Aircraft and Pavement Classification Numbers - Flexible-Pavement Design Methods (India Practice - McLeod Method - FAA Design Procedure - Corps of Engineers Designs) - Rigid-Pavement Design Methods (Indian Practice - Corps of Engineers Designs -FAA design - Joint and reinforcement requirements)

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Geoffrey D. Gosling; Airport ground access mode choice models, Transportation Research Board, Washington, D.C., 2008
- 2. Norman J. Ashford, Saleh Mumayiz, Paul h. Wright; Airport Engineering Planning, Design, and Development of 21st century Airports, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011

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- 3. Horenjeff Robert; The planning & Design of Airports, McGraw Hill Book Co., 2007
- 4. Yang H. Huang; Design of functional pavements, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004
- 5. Yoder, E.J. and Witczak, M.W; Principles of Pavement Design, John Wiley and sons,1975
- 6. Robert G. Packard, *Design of Concrete Airport Pavement*, Portland Cement Association, USA,1995

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INTRODUCTION TO ITS

EC/CE 709 INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

• INTELLIGENT SUPPORTING TECHNOLOGIES

Triangulation Technique, Inductive loop detection, Video vehicle detection, Microwave detection etc. Global Positioning System (GPS)

• COMPONENTS OF ITS

Theories of elastic and plastic behavior of soils. Function: Stability of embankment, Reinforcing embankment and fibers, Methods of reducing settlement due to consolidation in foundations of road embankment. Vertical Sand Drains: Design criteria, constriction and uses.

Definition Objectives, Historical Background, Benefits of ITS - Introduction to Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI),

Wireless communications, Standards and Cellular Technology, ITS Data acquisition and processing, Hardware and Software--Micro-Controllers, PLC, Embedded systems, Ubiquitous Computing, Sensing Technologies, Detectors/Detection Techniques-

- ADVANCED TRAVELER INFORMATION SYSTEMS (ATIS) (02 Hours) Traffic density, Variable message signs, Parking guidance, Weather information.
- ADVANCE VEHICLE MONITORING SYSTEMS (04 Hours) Security CCTV systems, Wireless Sensor Network and RFID

• COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATIONS (CVO)

Emergency vehicle notification systems, Automatic road enforcement, Variable speed limits, Collision avoidance systems, Dynamic Traffic Light Sequence, Cooperative systems on the road, Automatic number plate recognition by Image processing.

• ITS APPLICATIONS

Advanced Traffic Management Systems (ATMS) Advanced Vehicle Control Systems (AVCS), Public Transportation Systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation Systems (ARTS), Automated Highway Systems

• ITS PROGRAMS IN THE WORLD

Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries.

(Total contact hours:42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sumit Ghos and Tony Lee, Intelligent Transportation Systems, CRC Press, ISBN: 0849300673.
- 2. Chris Drane and C. R. Drane, Positioning Systems in Intelligent Transportation Systems, Artech House Publishers, ISBN: 0890065365.
- 3. Judy Mc Queen and Bob Mc Queen, Intelligent Transportation System and Architecture, Artech House Publishers, ISBN: 089006525X
- 4. Asad J. Khattak, Intelligent Transportation Systems: Planning, Operations, and Evaluation, CRC Press

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Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Traffic control and monitoring aspects. (18 Hours)

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- I **CE 711 WATER TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM**

WATER TRANSPORTATION (06 Hours) Scope - Merits - Developments of Water Transportation in India - Inland waterways -River - Canal - Inland water transportation - Development of ports & harbours - Site selection & planning - Harbour classification - Harbour dimensioning. • NATURAL PHENOMENA (04 Hours) Tides - Water waves - Wave action - Wave decay & port - wave defraction - breaking -Reflection - Littoral drift - Sediment transport -HARBOUR INFRASTRUCTURES • Types of brakewaters - Access channels - Jetty - Dock fenders - Piers - Wharves -Dolphin - Mooring accessories - Repair facilities -Wet docks - Lift docks - Dry docks -Gates for graving docks - Floating docks - Slipways - Locks and gates. PORT FACILITY (06 Hours) Transit shed - Warehouses - Cargo handling - Container handling - Inland port facility -Navigational aids - Types - Requirements of signals - Lighthouses - Beacon light -**Buoys DREDGING & COASTAL PROTECTION** Types of dredgers - Choices - Usage of dredged material - Sea wall protection - Sea wall revetment - Bulkhead • **OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT** Organization management and operation - function of port authorities - O and M- MIS, basic operational principles - Ship characteristics - Its influence on ports management & operations - Concern about Ship & Ship building • WATER TRANSPORTATION TECHNOLOGY (04 Hours) Simulation modeling -Analytical solutions- Cargo handling systems • ECONOMIC ANALYSIS (06 Hours) Economic feasibility- evaluation- Economic costs and benefits- least cost solutions (Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Bindra S.P., Docks & Harbour Engineering, Dhanpat Rai Publications,
- 2. Srinivasan R., Harbours, Docks & Tunnel Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, Anand, 1999.
- 3. Aegerschou, Lundgren et. al., Planning, Designing of Port and Marine Terminals, John Wiley and Sons, 1983.
- 4. Port Engineering and Operations: Proc. Conference of British Ports, New Castle upo Tynes, March, 1985, Thomas Telford, London, 1985.
- 5. Hennes and Eske, Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering, McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1955.

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Elective Subjects- II

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II

AM 702 FINITE ELEMENT METHOD

• INTRODUCTION

Concept of FEM, and solution procedure for finite element displacement approach, Principles of discretization, Lagrangian & Hermitian interpolation functions, Shape functions and numerical integration techniques

• ELEMENT PROPERTIES

Element properties for 1-D (bar & beam) elements and 2-D (rectangular, triangular & isoparametric) elements using natural and area coordinate system

• ELEMENTS

Introduction to plate elements, shell elements, dynamics & vibration, buckling, and Galerkin method, Pre & post processors, solution techniques and software packages.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Logan, D L, 2007. *A First Course in the Finite Element Method* 4th edition, Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 2. Manika Selvam, V K, 1993. *Finite Element Primer*, Dhanpat Rai Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II

MH 622 HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- NATURE AND SCOPE OF HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (05 Hours) • Introduction to Human Resource Management, Definitions, Scope, Functions, Objectives, Model of HRM, Qualities of a good personnel manager, Role of HRM.
- LEADERSHIP, MOTIVATION AND JOB SATISFACTION & MORALE (05 Hours) • Definitions, Difference between a leader and a manager, Different approach of leadership, Theories of motivation, Job satisfaction, Morale, Job Enlargement, Enrichment, Job Rotation, QWL.

PROCUREMENT OF PERSONNEL (**08 Hours**) • Man power planning, Determination of Manpower need, Job Analysis, Recruitment and Selection Process. Orientation and Placement.

TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT (06Hours) • Training, Education and development, Responsibility of Training and Development, Policy, Need and Objectives of training, Types and methods of training, Evaluation of training and development, Organization Development (OD).

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL • Purposes of appraisal, Factors affecting appraisal, Criteria for Performance Appraisal, Methods.

JOB CHANGE •

Resistance to change, Job change plans, Career planning, Promotion, Transfer, Demotions, Separations.

- **EMPLOYEE COMMUNICATION, CONTROL AND AUDIT** (03 Hours) • Communication, Process of communication, Directions of communication, Steps in control process, Personnel audit
- **EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION** (03 Hours) • Components of Remuneration, Concepts of wages, Determination of wages, Factors, Incentives, Employee benefits **EMPLOYEE WELFARE, SOCIAL SECURITY, SAFETY AND HEALTH (02 Hours)**
- Employee welfare, Principles, Labor welfare officer, Social security, Safety, Health, International, Labor Organization (ILO)
- EMPLOYEE DISCIPLINE, GRIEVANCE, TRADE UNIONS & INDUSTRIAL • **RELATIONS** (04 Hours)

Meaning, Causes of indiscipline, Types of discipline, Rules, Causes of grievances, Model grievances procedure, Definition of Trade union, Nature and scope of Trade union, Functions of Trade Union, Collective bargaining, Industrial relations, Industrial disputes, Methods to solve disputes, Workers' participations in management

RECORDS AND RESEARCH Records, Personnel research

(Total Contact Hours: 42)

(02 Hours)

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Ashwathappa K., *Human Resource and Personnel Management*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2005
- Monappa A., *Personnel Management*, Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2004
- 3. Tripathi P.C., *Personnel Management and Industrial Relations*, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 16th Edition, 2002
- 4. Zweig Mark C., Human Resources Management, John Wiley and Sons, 1991

M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II	L	Т	Р	С	
EE 652: CONTROL THEORY	3	0	0	3	

• INTRODUCTION TO CONTROL SYSTEMS:

Open loop control and close loop control - Illustrative examples of control systems

• MATHEMATICAL MODELS OF PHYSICAL SYSTEMS: (10 Hours) Linear and non-linear systems - equations and transfer functions for linear mechanical translational systems and linear electrical network - Force-Voltage and Force-Current analogy - Block diagram representation of control systems - Block diagram reduction -Transfer functions of armature-controlled and field - Controlled DC servomotors and 2phase AC servomotors - Signal flow graph and Mason's gain formula

• **TIME DOMAIN ANALYSIS OF CONTROL SYSTEMS:** (06 Hours) Typical test signals - Response of first-order systems - Transient response of a second

order system due to step input - Time domain specifications of a second order system -Impulse and ramp response of second order system - Steady-state errors - Static error coefficients - Error series and dynamic error coefficients

- ROOT LOCUS TECHNIQUES: (06 Hours)
 Basic Properties of Root Loci Construction of Root Loci Effects of Adding Poles and
 Zeros

 CONCEPTS OF STABILITY: (02 Hours)
 - Introduction to stability definition through impulse response function asymptotic stability and relative stability Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion
- FREQUENCY DOMAIN ANALYSIS OF CONTROL SYSTEMS: (08 Hours)
 Steady state response of a system due to sinusoidal input Frequency response Logarithmic plots or Bode diagrams Log-magnitude versus phase plots Resonant peak and resonant frequency of a second order system Polar plots conformal mapping principal of argument Nyquist stability criterion Stability analysis Relative stability Gain margin and phase margin Closed loop frequency response
- DESIGN OF CONTROL SYSTEMS: (08 Hours) Introduction to phase lag, phase lead and phase lag-lead networks and their applications. P, PI, PID Controllers.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Nagrath & Gopal, *Control system engineering*, New Age International Publishers, 3rd Edition, 2001.
- 2. K. Oggata, *Modern control system engineering*, Pearson Education Asia, 4th Edition, 2002.
- 3. B.C.Kuo, Automatic control system, Prentice Hall of India, 7th Edition, 1995.
- 4. Richard C Dorf & Robert H Bishop, *Modern control system*, Pearson Education Asia. 8th Edition, 2004.
- 5. Nise N. S. John willey & sons, Control System Engineering, 4th Edition, 2004

(02 Hours)

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II

CE 632 URBAN PLANNING TECHNIQUES AND PRACTICE

• LAND USE ACTIVITIES

Population forecasting methods, Planning practices in India, Analysis, and prediction of important land use activities.

• SPATIAL STANDRADS

UDPFI and TCPO guide lines for residential, industrial, commercial and recreational areas, standards for urban amenities, Provisions of Town Planning Act, zoning, subdivision practice, and metro region concept. Land use and urban form.

• PLANNING TECHNIOUES

Linear programming, threshold analysis, simulation approach.

• TOWN DEVELOPMENT PLAN /TOWN PLANNING SCHEMES (06 Hours) Scope, contents and preparation. Land value and density pattern. A case study of development plan, preparation of Town Planning Schemes, activity areas, plan implementation - organizational legal and financial aspects, public participation in plan formulation and implementation, planning for urban poor, national renewal schemes and policies.

• URBAN RENEWAL AND CONSERVATION

Urban Decay causes and impacts, Urban renewal, Meaning, significance, scope and limitations, identification of renewal areas, renewal strategies. Urban conservation: Meaning, heritage, significance and techniques.

• CONCEPT OF NEW TOWNS

Meaning, role and functions: Special planning and development considerations, scope and limitations of new town development, Indian, Asian and British experience of planning and development of new towns.

• GLOBAL TRENDS

Concept of International cities, issues and planning approaches. Recent trends in international planning.

PRACTICAL: (Any One)

• DEVELOPMENT OF GROWTH CENTERS

Field Studies, Site Visit, Inventor and Field Data Collection, Preparation of planning Proposals.

• DESIGNING A SPECIAL RESIDENTIAL ZONE

As per Government of Gujarat Guidelines SRZ development proposals.

SATELLITE TOWN DEVELOPMENT

Identification of site, Field Visit, Socio- eco Survey, Planning Desiging and cost estimation of Proposals.

URBAN RENEWAL PROPOSALS

Analyzing urban central space allocation, urban parametric relations and planning solutions.

(02 Hours)

(04 Hours)

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(02 Hours)

(Total contact hours:28)

REFERENCES:

- 1. MARGARET ROBERTS, *Town Planning Techniques*, Hutchinson Educational Publication.
- 2. N.V. MODAK AND V.N. AMBDEKAR, *Town and Country Planning and Housing*, Orient Longman Limited.
- 3. R.G. GUPTA, *Planning and Development of Towns*, New Delhi.
- 4. K.S. RAMEGAUDA, Urban and Regional Planning, Mysore University Publication.

CE 648 PLANNING LEGISLATION

• INTRODUCTION Significance and Objectives of Legislation for Planners and Environmental Engineers. Constitutional Basis and Provisions. Evolution of Planning Legislation and Legislation in Environmental Engineering in India. • URBAN PLANNING LEGISLATION -1 (15 Hours)

- Legal Framework in Town and Country Planning. Preparation and Implementation of Regional Plan/Development plan, T.P. Scheme in Light of The Gujarat Town Planning Act. 1976.
- URBAN PLANNING LEGISLATION -2 (05 Hours) Provisions of Land Acquisition Act, Urban Land Ceiling Act and Conservation Act.
- ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION (14 Hours) Legislative Framework for Pollution Monitoring and Control. Pollution Control Boards. Industrial Policy, License and Environmental Protection and Environmental Clearance, N.O.C. from Pollution Board.

REFERENCES:

- 1. The Gujarat Town Planning and Urban Development Act, Vora Prakashan, Ahmedabad.
- 2. R.B. Das, Urban Planning and Local Authority, Oxford and IBH Publication, Calcutta.
- 3. Handbook of Environmental Laws, Vol. I and II, Enviro-media Publication, Karad, Maharashtra

(08 Hours)

(Total contact hours:42)

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CE 636 SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING

• ECOLOGY AND ECO – SYSTEM (06 Hours) Basic concepts and components of ecology and ecosystem; Air water, noise, land pollution – causes, effects and control. • ENVIRONMENT AND POLLUTION (06 Hours) Concept, Source, Impact, Remedial Measures of various pollution • SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING TECHNIQUES (16 Hours) Definition, sustainability check lists multi-dimension concept, principles. Creation of green spaces, concepts of Green building, concept of green residential clusters, provision

of green belt, Eco-friendly industrial location and planning, development of existing water bodies, water conservation techniques, Air-pollution abatement measures due to automobiles.. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND LEGISLATION (14 Hours) Multi Disciplinary Environmental Strategies Decision Making - Concepts of

Environmental Audit, Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) ISO 14001, Clean Development Mechanism (CDM), Carbon Credits, EIS(data meaning) Environmental standards in India, Role, legal provision and functions of MoEF, CPCB, DoEF, GPCB, Environmental acts. EIA rules.

(Total contact hours:42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dr. Suresh K. Dhameja; Environmental Engineering and Management, S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. G. N. Pandey; *Environmental Management*", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Rehana Tariq; Sustainable Urbanization and urban Development, New Academic Publishers, New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. Rachel Cooper; *Designing Sustainable Cities*, Wiley-Blackwell Publisher, New Delhi, 2009

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CE 702 PUBLIC TRANSPORT PLANNING

DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC TRANSIT SYSTEM

Growth history - Urban growth & transit evolution - Modes of public transport and comparison - Public transport travel characteristics - Technology of bus, rail, rapid transit systems, basic operating elements.

PARA TRANSIT

Definition & Classification - Operational characteristics - Role in multi modal transport system – Evaluation of para transit systems

TRANSIT NETWORK PLANNING

Objectives & principles - Network configurations - Intercity and Regional transit system considerations - Transit lines, types, geometry and characteristics - Transit routes and their characteristics - Timed transfer networks - Prediction of transit usage - Network evaluation -Accessibility considerations.

TRANSIT DESIGN •

Passenger demand assessment – Design data requirements & collection – Frequency & headway determination - Rail operation design - Bus operation design - Uninterrupted flow - Way capacity & Station capacity - Transit level of service

TRANSIT SCHEDULING (08 Hours) • Components - Determination of service requirements - Time table development - Scheduling procedure - Marginal ridership - Vehicle & Crew scheduling. • TRANSIT INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES (04 Hours)

Location of bus stops - Design of terminals, principles of good layout - Types of layout -Depot location - Twin depot concept - Crew facilities and amenities.

TRANSIT AGENCY AND ECONOMICS

Organisational structure of transit agency - Management and personnel - Transit system statistics - Performance and economic measures - Operations & fare structures - Alternative analysis.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES

- 1. Black, Alan, Urban Mass Transportation Planning, McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, 1995.
- 2. Ceder, A., Public Transit Planning and Operation: Theory, Modeling and Practice, B-H Elsevier Ltd., MA, 2007.
- 3. Khisty C J., Lall B.Kent, Transportation Engineering An Introduction, Prentice-Hall, NJ, 2005
- 4. Papacostas C.S. and Prevedouros, P.D., Transportation Engineering & Planning, PHI, New Delhi,2002
- 5. Vukan, R. Vuchic, Urban Public Transportation: Systems & Technology, John -Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2007.
- 6. Vukan, R. Vuchic, Urban Transit: Operations, Planning and Economics, John –Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2005.
- 7. Vukan, R. Vuchic et. al, Timed Transfer System Planning, Design and Operation: Final Report, The Program, 1983.

(06 Hours)

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(08 Hours)

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II **CE 704 TRAFFIC FLOW THEORY**

TRAFFIC STREAM CHARACTERISTICS

Measurement, microscopic and macroscopic Study of Traffic Stream Characteristics - Flow, Speed and Concentration; Use of Counting, Interval and Translated Distributions for Describing Vehicle Arrivals, Headways, Speeds, Gaps and Lags; Fitting of Distributions, Goodness of Fit Tests, gap acceptance.

TRAFFIC STREAM MODELS

Fundamental Equation of Traffic Flow, Speed-Flow-Concentration Relationships, Normalised Relationship, Fluid Flow Analogy Approach, Shock Wave Theory, Platoon Diffusion and Boltzman Like Behaviour of Traffic Flow, Car-Following Theory, Linear and Non-Linear Car-Following Models, Acceleration Noise

QUEUING ANALYSIS

Fundamentals of Queuing Theory, Demand Service Characteristics, Deterministic Queuing Models, Stochastic Queuing Models, Multiple Service Channels, Models of Delay at Intersections and Pedestrian Crossings.

HIGHWAY CAPACITY & LEVEL-OF-SERVICE STUDIES (06 Hours)

Concepts, Factors Affecting Capacity & Level-Of Service, Capacity Analysis of Different Highway Facilities, Passenger Car Units, and Problems in Mixed Traffic Flow.

TRAFFIC SIMULATION

System Simulation, Simulation Languages, Generation of Random Numbers, Generation of Inputs - Vehicle Arrivals, Vehicle Characteristics, Road Geometrics, Design of Computer Simulation Experiments.

(Total contact hours: 28)

REFERENCES:

- 1. TRB SR No.165 Traffic Flow Theory, Transportation Research Board, Washington -D.C.
- 2. May, A D., Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice-Hall, NJ
- 3. Drew, D.R., Traffic Flow Theory and Control, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 4. TRB Special Report 209: Highway Capacity Manual, Transportation Research Board,
- 5. Washington DC, 1985.
- 6. Wohl M. and Martin, B V., Traffic System Analysis for Engineers and Planners, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 7. McShane W R & Roess R P, Traffic Engineering, Prentice-Hall, NJ
- 8. Neylor, T.H. et al., Computer Simulation Techniques, John Wiley.

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M. TECH. I (TEP) SEMESTER- II

CLEARANCES

CE 706 PROEJCT APPRAISALS AND FINANCE MANAGEMENT

• FEASIBILITY STUDIES, APPRAISALS AND PROJECT

Project identification - Pre feasibility report and its clearance - Estimates and techno economic feasibility report - Detailed project report - Clearances from various authorities **CONTRACT MANAGEMENT** (10 Hours) Contract documents - Classification of engineering contracts - Bidding process - CPWD contract conditions - FIDIC form of contract agreement - Tendering - Team and condition - Arbitration - Public Private Partnership (P3) projects PROJECT PLANNING AND ORGANIZING (06 Hours) Project team - Organizational structure for projects - Planning and scheduling techniques and methods - Computer application in scheduling - Resource leveling - Monitoring and reporting using Primavera - MS project, BIMS • **PROJECT FINANCING** (10 Hours) Finance resources and generation - Estimate and projection - Financial feasibility - Debt equity ratio - Lease financing - Public sector bonds and debentures - Long term rupee loan - Cost of capital - Collaborator's equity participation PROJECT CONTROL (04 Hours) Time and cost control tools and techniques - Trending and predicting change control -Project quality and safety control - Information reporting system - Project audit • EOUIPMENT MANAGEMENT (04 Hours) Classification of highway construction equipment and its costing - Operating and investment cost of equipment • PROJECT CLOSE OUT (02 Hours) Commissioning - Start up - Stabilization, close out. (Total contact hours: 42) **REFERENCES:** 1. P K Joy., Total Project Management; Mcmillian India Limited, New Delhi, 2007.

- 2. Uddesh Kohli and K. K.Chitkara; Project Management Handbook, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Kumar Neeraj Jha; Construction Project Management Theory and Practice, Pearson, New Delhi. 2011.
- 4. R.Paneerselvam and P.Senthilkumar; *Project Management*, PHI, New Delhi, 2009.
- 5. R.L.Peurifoy, C.J. Schexnayder, and A. Shapira., Construction Planning, Equipment and Methods, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
- 6. Prasanna Chandra; Projects Planning, Analysis, Financing, Implementation and Review, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
- 7. Dr.V.K.Raina; Construction & Contract Management Practices, Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt.Ltd., 2099

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(06 Hours)

INTRODUCTION •

Design of highways - Design of at-grade intersections - Design of signalized intersection - Design of grade separated intersection - Terminal design and design of facilities for non-motorised transport

TERMINAL PLANNING & DESIGN

Terminal functions - Analysis of terminals - Process flow charts of passenger & goods terminals - Terminal processing time - Waiting time - Capacity & level of service concept - Study of typical facilities of highway – Transit - Airport and waterway terminals

DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS •

Hierarchy of highway system - Functions - Design designations - Concepts in horizontal & vertical alignment - Integration - Optical design - Geometrical standards for mobility & accessibility components - Landscaping and safety considerations - Evaluation and design of existing geometrics.

HISTORY OF BRIDGE DEVELOPMENT

Classification of bridges - Selection of bridge sites - Bridge alignment - Sub-surface investigations - Bridge Hydrology - Flood discharge - Waterways - Scour depth - Depth of foundation - Standards of loadings - Types of loads - Impact effect - Wind loads -Seismic forces - Buoyancy - Earth pressure - Loadings on various bridges - Traffic requirements - Types of low cost bridges - Settlements - Allowable soil pressures - Types of foundations - Foundation failures -Foundation setting - Cofferdams

BRIDGE SUPER STRUCTURE

(06 Hours) Superstructure elements - Bridge flooring - Bridge bearings - Joins in bridges - Bridge superstructures - Piers - Abutments - Wing walls and approaches

BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

Erection of steel girder bridge - Truss bridges - Suspension bridges - Maintenance of bridges - Bridge testing for safe carrying capacity - Strengthening of bridges - Aesthetical treatments.

(Total contact hours: 42)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kadiyali, L.R., Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna publishers, 2003
- 2. IRC-SP41: Guidelines for the Design of At-Grade Intersections in Rural & Urban Areas, 1994
- 3. Salter, R J., Highway Traffic Analysis and Design, ELBS.
- 4. Edward K. Morlock, Introduction to Transportation Engineering & Planning, International Student Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Book Company, New York.
- 5. Bindra S.P., Bridge Engineering, Dhanpat Rai & Sons
- 6. Relevant IRC codes,
- 7. MORT&H Specifications & standards for Roads & Bridges, 2001

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